

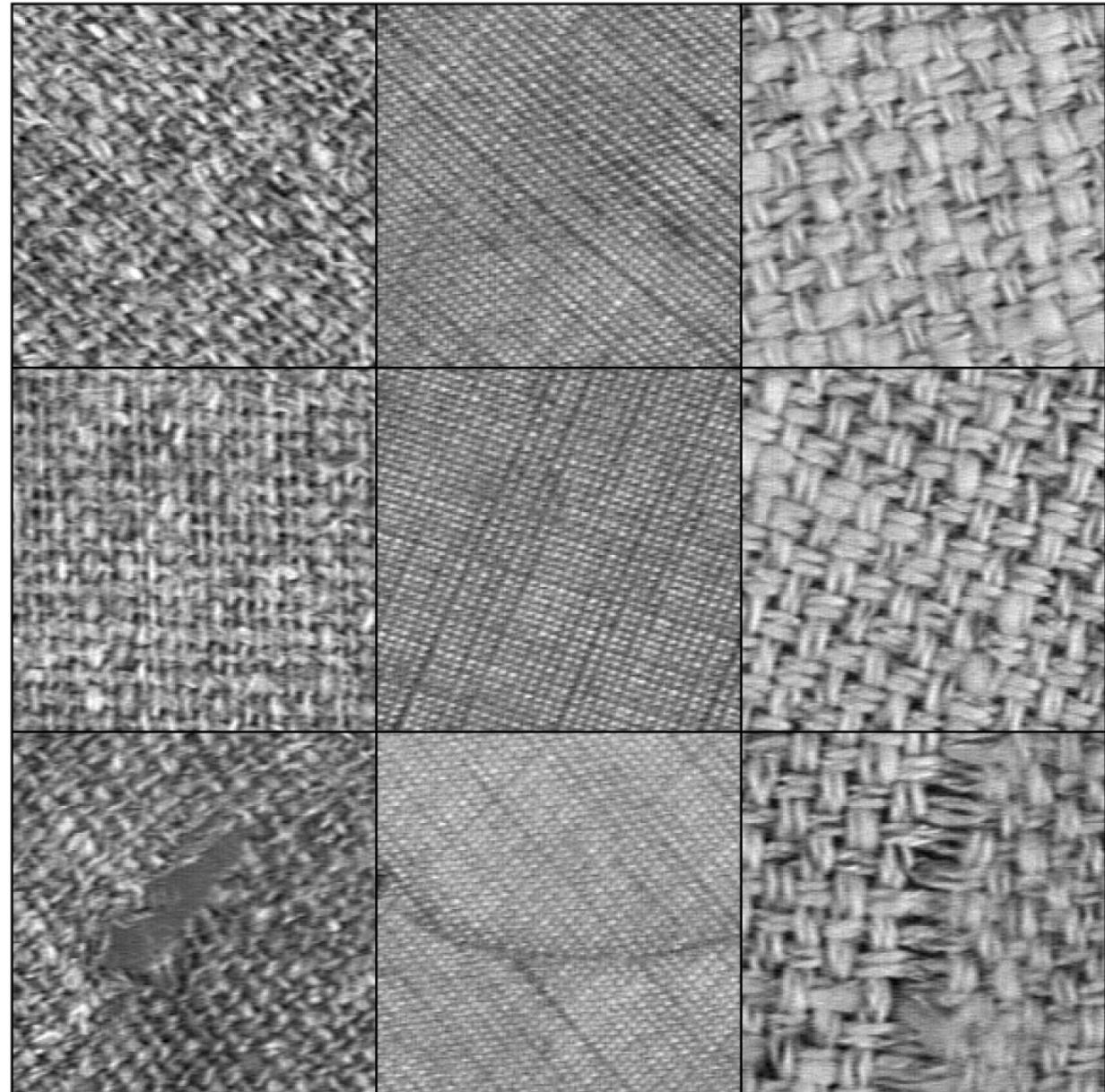
# Chap. 5b

## Applications:

### Invariants over group means

- visual inspection tasks (fabrics)
- image search engines (query by example)  
SIMBA and MICHELSCOPE
- automatic classification of pollen

# Visual inspection of textiles with anisotropic texture



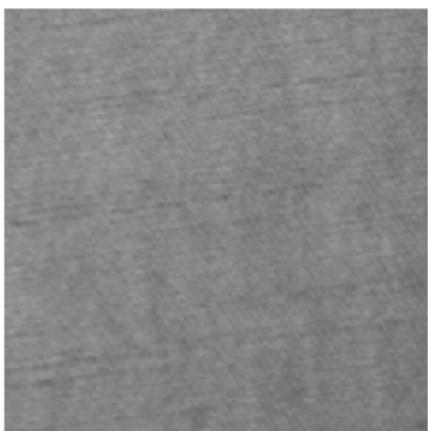
Textile database TILDA

<http://www.informatik.uni-freiburg.de/~lmb/tilda> (ca. 3200 images)

# Texture defect detection for textiles/fabrics

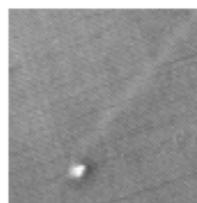
## Segmentation of the defects

texture class c1r1

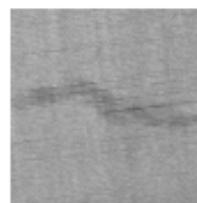


defect class

E1



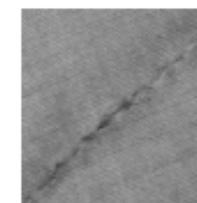
E2



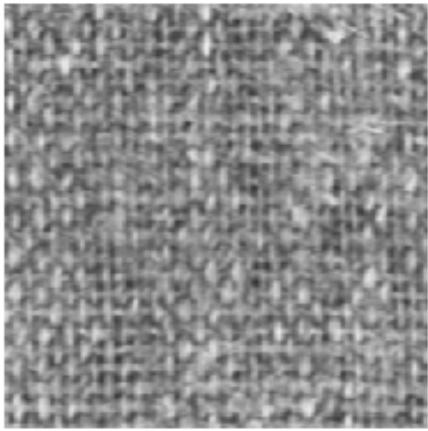
E3



E4

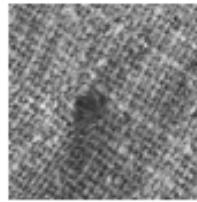


texture class c2r2

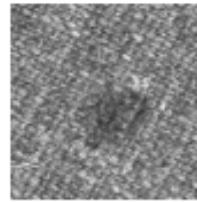


defect class

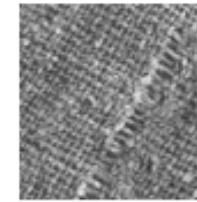
E1



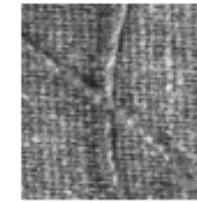
E2



E3



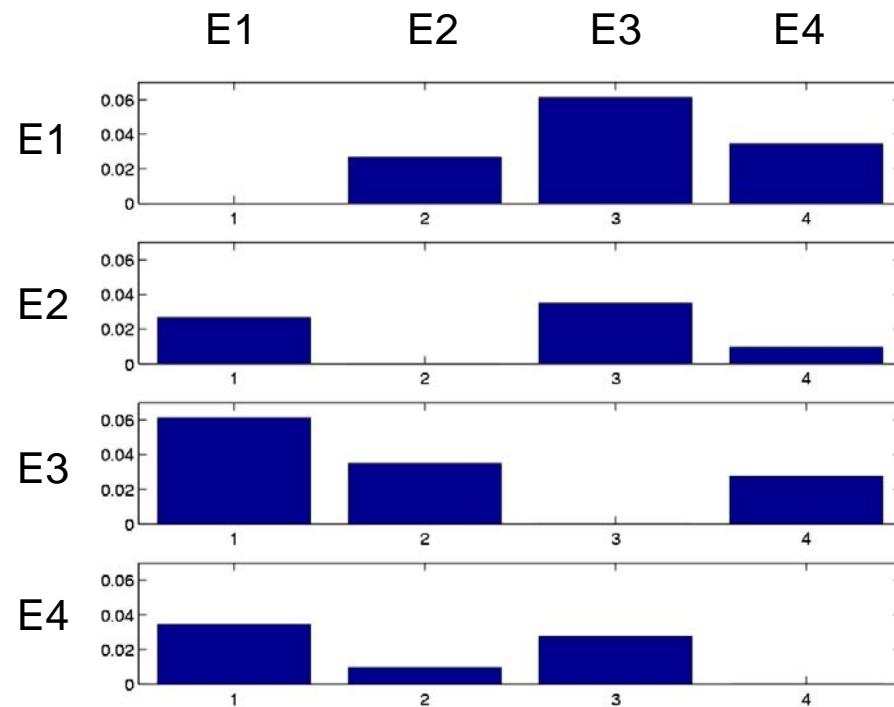
E4



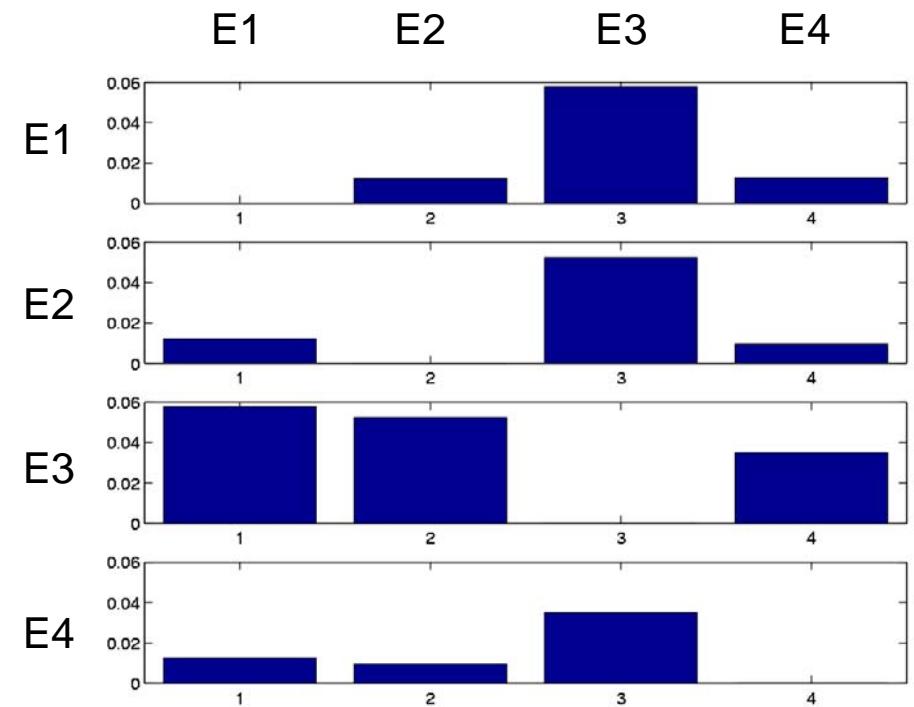
# Texture defect detection for textiles/fabrics

## Discrimination of the defect classes

class distances texture class c1r1

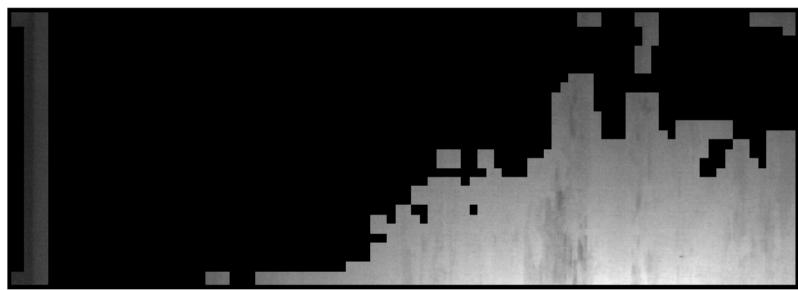
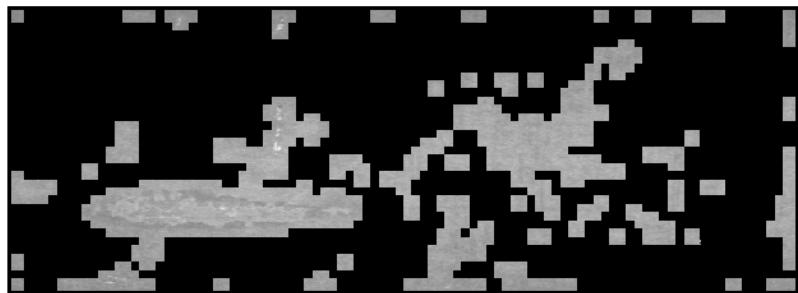
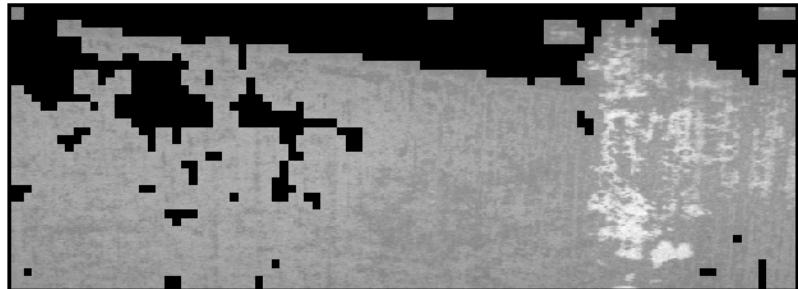
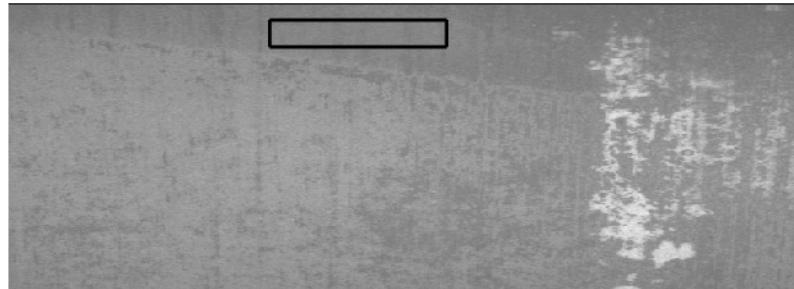


class distances texture class c2r2

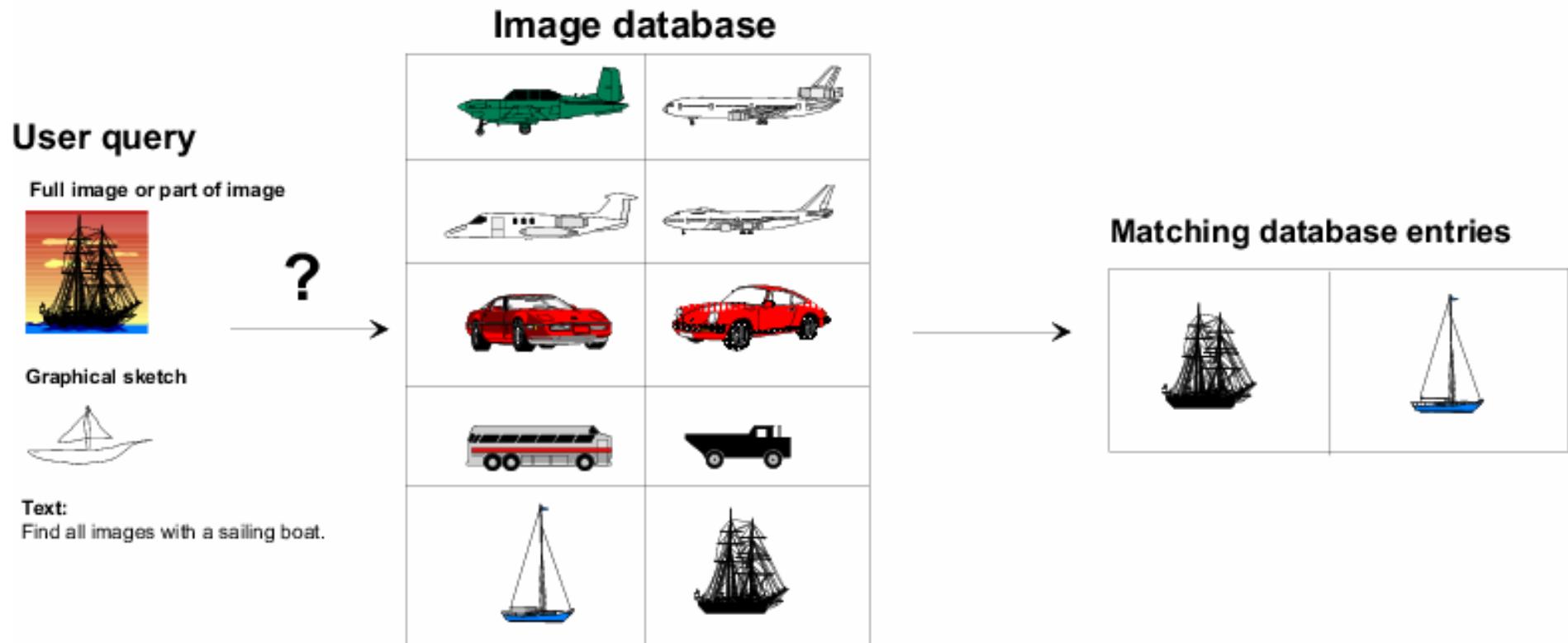


# Texture defect detection on steel surface areas

## Segmentation of the defects



# Content based image retrieval



<http://simba.informatik.uni-freiburg.de/>



Query image



0.978



0.828



0.792



0.686



0.674



0.649



0.630



0.595



Query image



0.98



0.82



0.81



0.79



0.78



0.78



0.77



0.76



Query image



0.99



0.79



0.77



0.68



0.68



0.66



0.66



0.66



Query image



0.98



0.82



0.79



0.77



0.74



0.73



0.71



0.71



Query image



0.98



0.79



0.77



0.68



0.68



0.65



0.65



0.63



Query image



0.98



0.80



0.78



0.74



0.70



0.60



0.59



0.57

# SIMBA – Search IMages By Appearance

COLOR only



Search template



96827



63939.4



62383.7



60840.3



59997.4



59316.6



59061



58323.8

# SIMBA – Search IMages By Appearance



Search template



87948.7



85491.7



85163



84896.4



84603.2



84379.5



84065.4



83475.7

# SIMBA – Search IMages By Appearance

SEARCH



Search template



96689.4



81479.3



77883.8



71489.1



70400.4



67864.2



66298.7



66249.5

# SIMBA – Search IMages By Appearance

SEARCH BY EXAMPLE



Search template



92393.05



81203.6



77685.85



75091.55



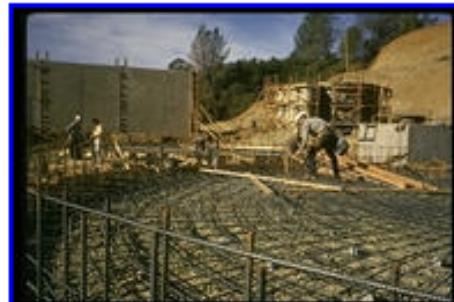
71376.85



70761.3



69292.6



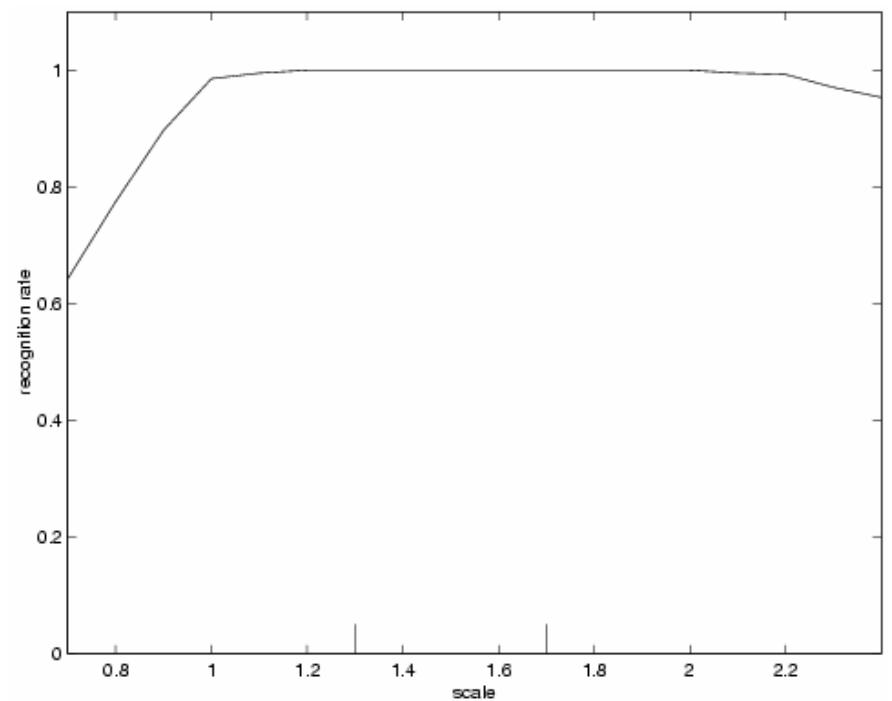
68030.95

# Experiments



# Robustness to scaling

- Database as before,  
grayvalue features only
- Kernels  $\mathbf{M}(1,0)\mathbf{M}(0,2)$ ,  
 $\mathbf{M}(2,0)\mathbf{M}(0,4)$
- Images reduced/zoomed  
(bilinear interpolation) to  
scales from 0.7 to 2.4
- Database contains scales  
1.3 and 1.7 only



→ Good recognition from scale 1 to 2.2, i.e. scale 4.8 in area

# SIMBA

## Searching Images by Appearance

<http://simba.informatik.uni-freiburg.de/>

## Suchbild



## Ergebnisse



Brd0644



Brd0638



Brd0732



Brd0689



Brd0729



Brd0636



Brd0727



Brd0637



Brd0645



Brd0640



Brd0642



Brd0635



Brd0691



Brd0730



Brd0639



Brd0643

## Suchmethode

Farbe Textur

Farbe  Textur

Motiv

Größe

Seitenverhältnis

## Datenbank

BRD

Suche starten

## Suchbild



## Ergebnisse



Brd0644



Brd0637



Brd0689



Brd0636



Brd1138



Brd0489



Brd0727



Brd0502



Brd0494



Brd0854



Brd0193



Brd0492



Brd0191



Brd0635



Brd0168



Brd0857

## Suchmethode

Farbe



Textur



Motiv



Größe



Seitenverhältnis

## Datenbank

BRD

Suche starten

## Suchbild



## Ergebnisse



Brd0523



Brd0485



Brd0538



Brd0232



Brd0408



Brd0409



Brd0486



Brd0447



Brd0540



Brd0164



Brd0449



Brd0266



Brd0386



Brd0173



Brd1610



Brd0487

## Suchmethode

Farbe

  Motiv  Größe  Seitenverhältnis

Textur

## Datenbank

BRD

Suche starten

Datei Einstellungen Hilfe

## Suchbild

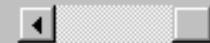


## Ergebnisse



## Suchmethode

Farbe



Textur

 Motiv Größe Seitenverhältnis

## Datenbank

BRD

Suche starten

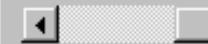


## Suchbild



## Suchmethode

Farbe



Textur

 Motiv Größe Seitenverhältnis

## Datenbank

BRD

Suche starten

## Ergebnisse



# Suchbild



# Ergebnisse



Brd0700



Brd0694



Brd0697



Brd0773



Brd0703



Brd0702



Brd0698



Brd0696



Brd0701



Brd1623



Brd1140



Brd0695



Brd1379



Brd1137



Brd0699



Brd1038

## Suchmethode

Farbe	Textur
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Motiv	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Größe	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Seitenverhältnis	

## Datenbank

BRD	<input type="button" value="▼"/>
-----	----------------------------------



## Suchbild



## Ergebnisse



## Suchmethode

Farbe



Textur

 Motiv Größe Seitenverhältnis

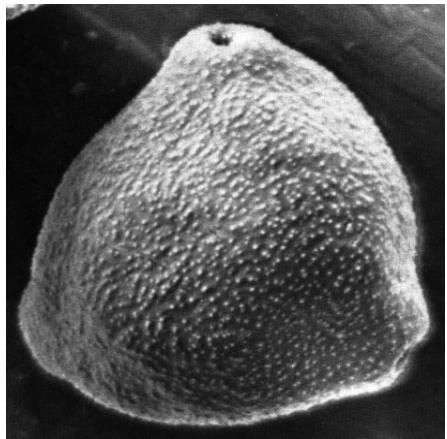
## Datenbank

Deutschland

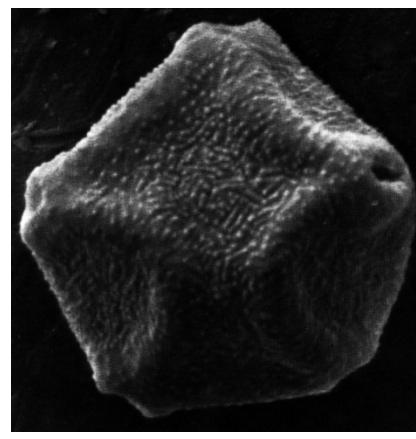
Suche starten

Deutschland Berlin (West) 0042

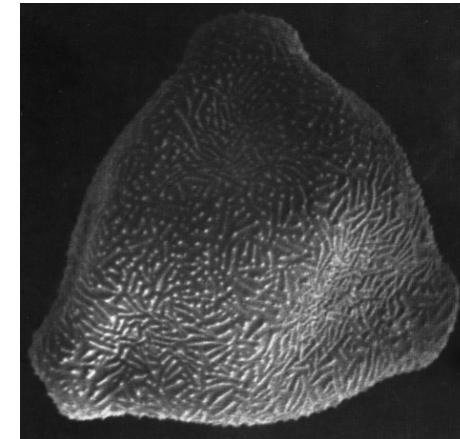
# Project “automatic pollen recognition” - Electron microscopic pollen images



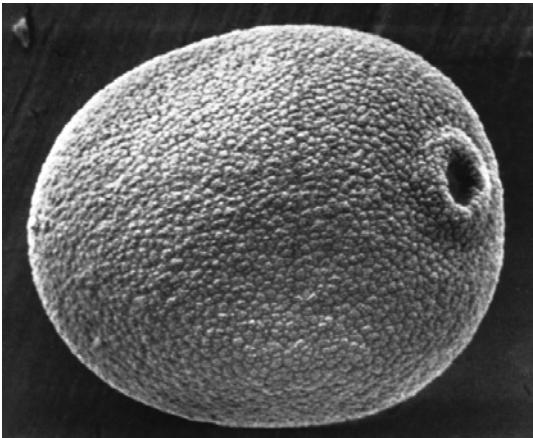
hazel



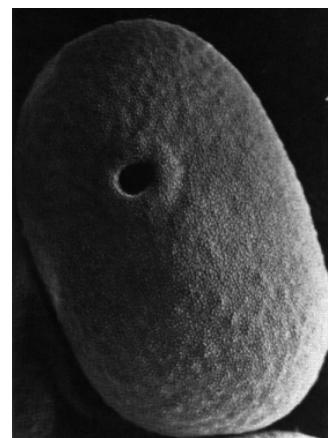
alder



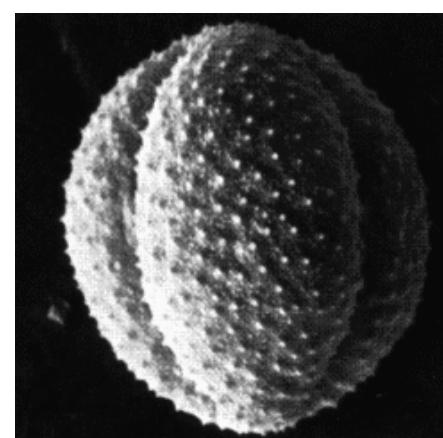
birch



grass



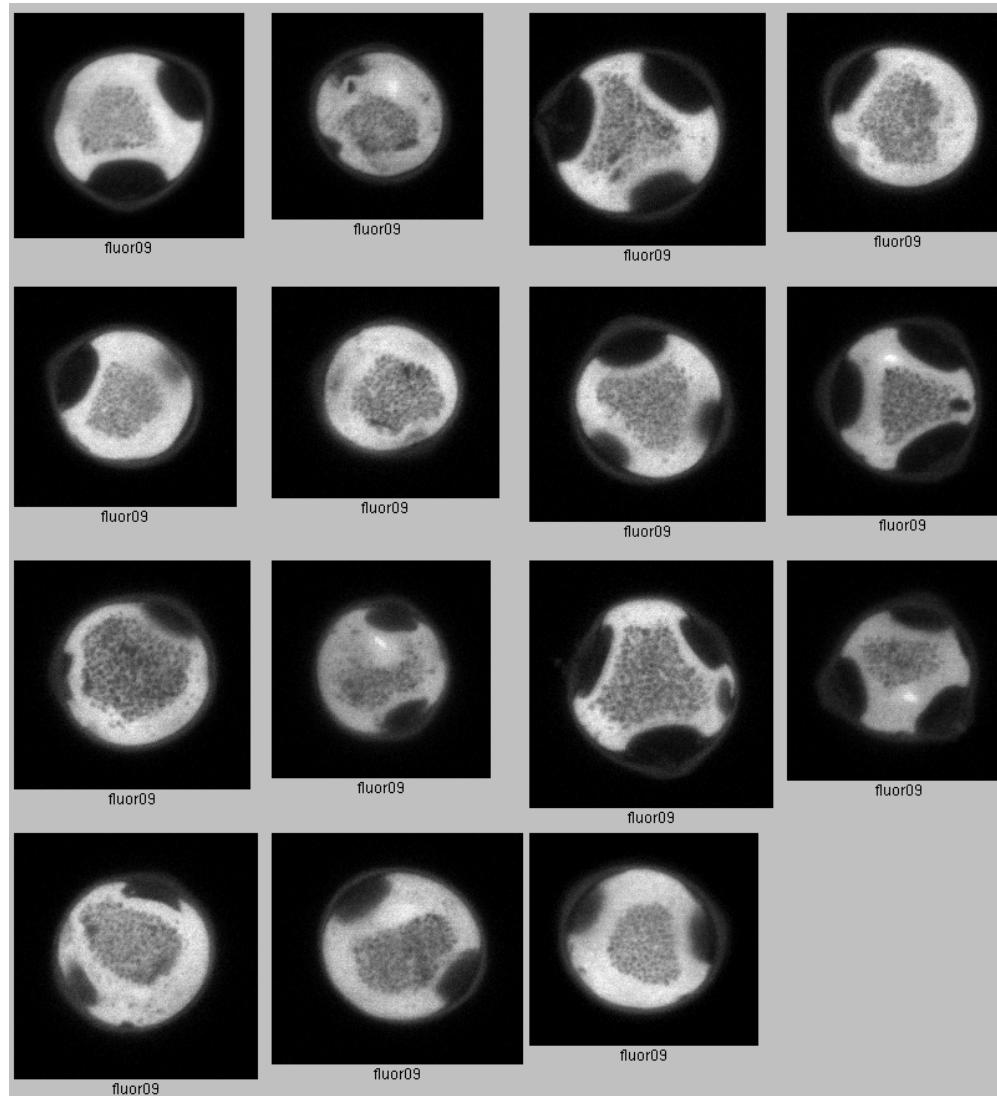
rye



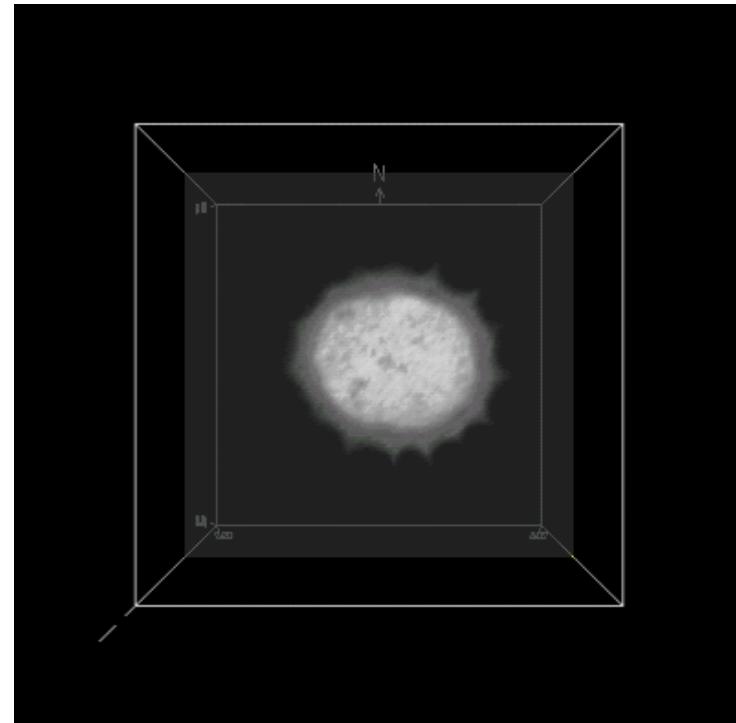
mugwort

+ 33 further species (not relevant for allergies)

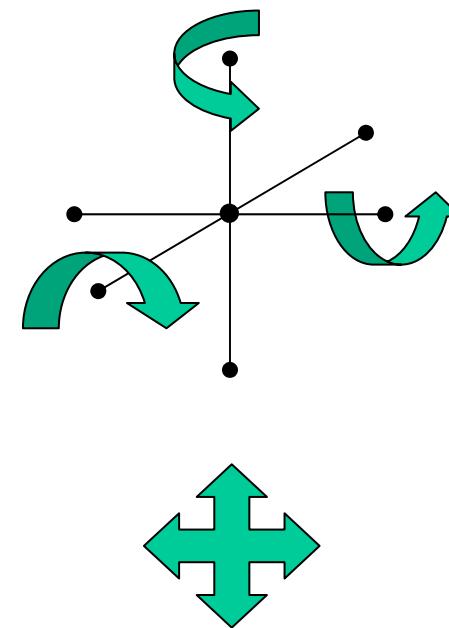
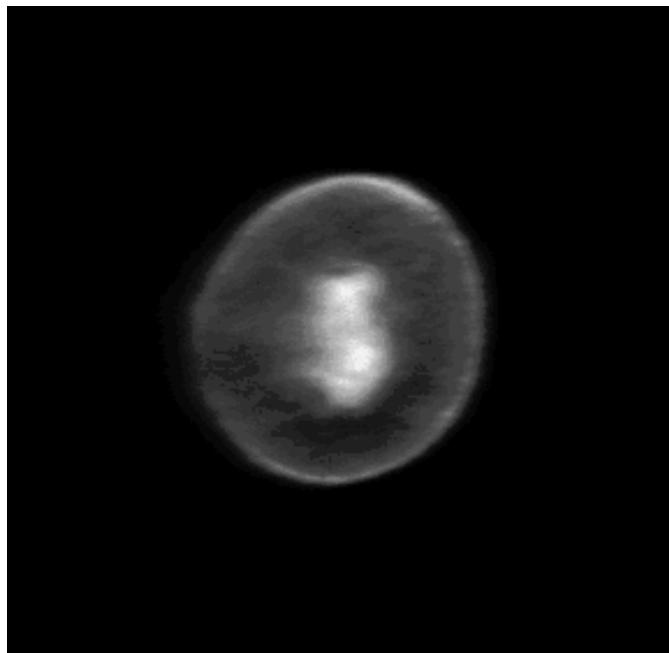
# Hazel pollen



# Daisy pollen grain



# Taxus



Integration over the 3D Euclidian motion

# Reference Data Base Description

- 26 pollen species directly sampled from the plants
  - Correctly assigned species
  - Maybe less variation in size and shape compared to airborne pollen (no different sub-species, no regional variation)
  - No deformation or contamination or agglomeration
- Recording 3D volumes of about 15 samples of each species with a Confocal Laser Scanning Microscope
  - No distortions of the data due to imperfect imaging of a usual microscope

# Automated Pollen Recognition in Air Samples by Digital Microscopy

O. Ronneberger, U. Heimann, V. Dietze, E. Schultz

## ► Motivation

- Time-consuming, but still inaccurate visual pollen counting

## ► Demand

- Reliable pollen data for pollen forecast

## ► Approach

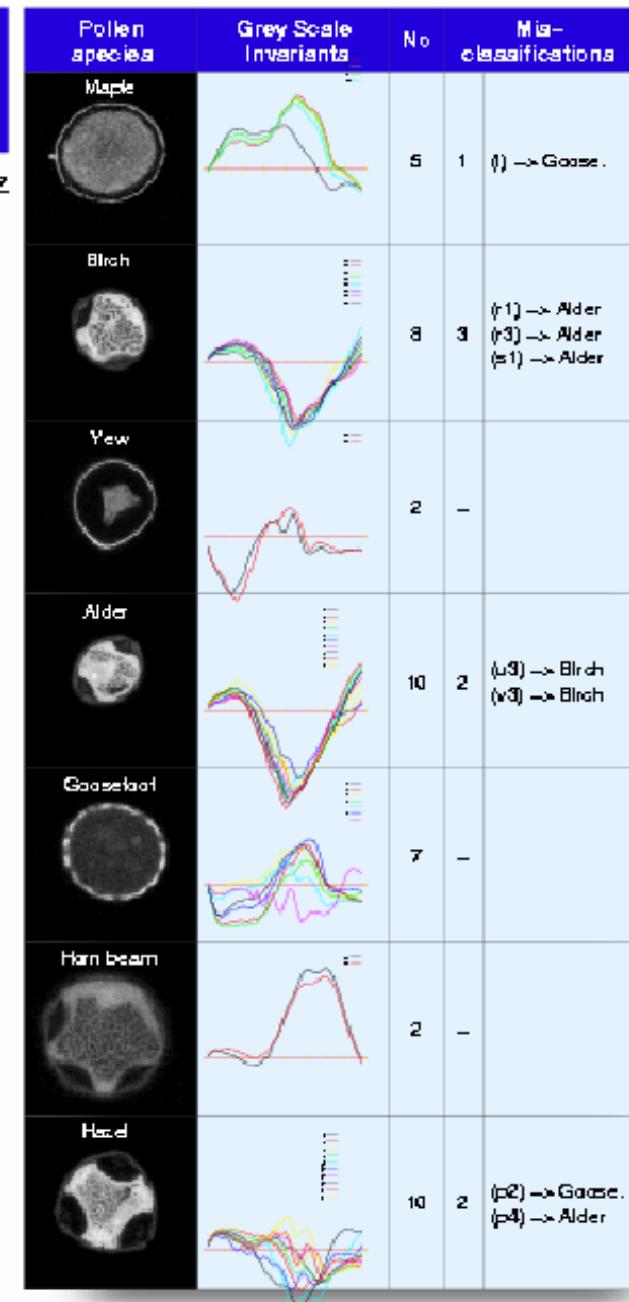
- 3D fluorescence imaging (tomography) instead of 2D conventional translucent microscopy
- Image recognition based on general »grey scale invariants«, instead of traditional object specific features

## ► First results (see table on the right)

- »Grey scale invariants« have characteristic shapes for different pollen species
- Recognition rate of 82% already in a first run

## ► Outlook

- Employment of digital microscopy for automated particle analysis in general.



Collaborating institutions



Deutscher  
Wetter  
dienst



MeteoSchweiz

ALBERT-LUDWIGS-  
UNIVERSITY FREIBURG

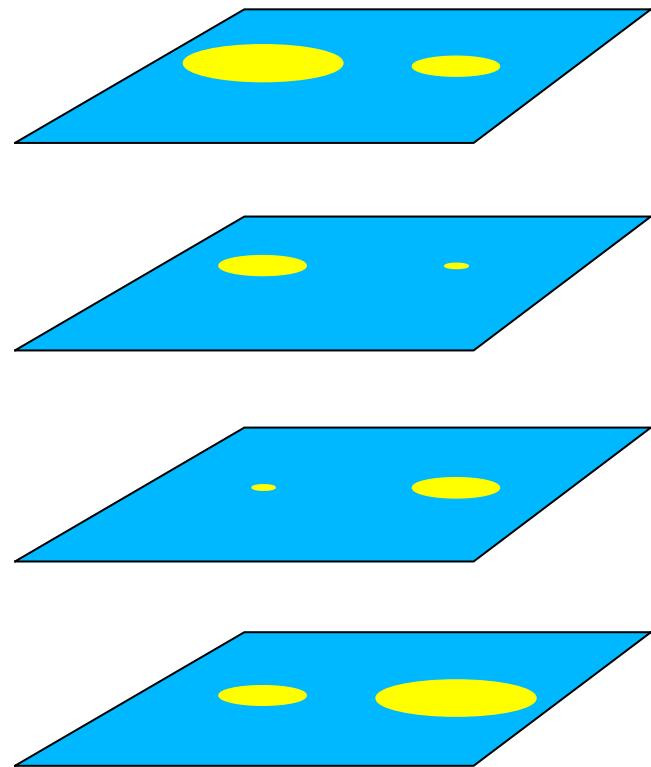
# Classification Results using 3D LSM Data

(leave-one-out Classification)

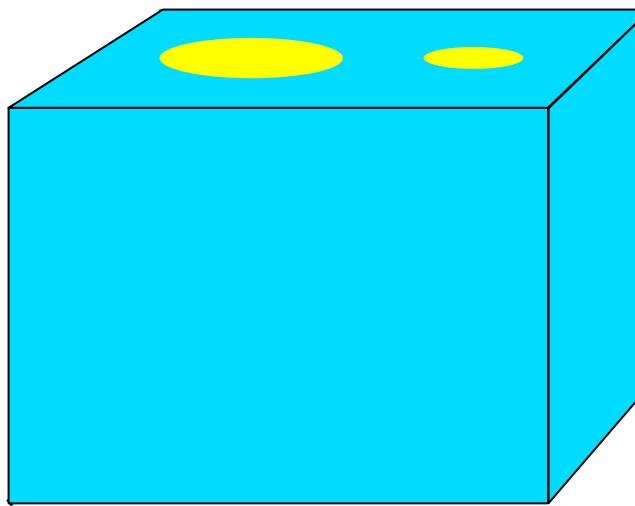
	Correct	Wrong classifications
<i>Artemisia:</i>	13	1 -> <i>Compositae</i> , 1 -> <i>Platanus</i>
<i>Alnus:</i>	15	-
<i>Alnus viridis:</i>	12	-
<i>Betula:</i>	13	2 -> <i>Plantago</i>
<i>Corylus:</i>	13	1 -> <i>Alnus</i>
<i>Gramineae/Poaceae:</i>	15	-
<i>Secale:</i>	11	3 -> <i>Fagus</i> , 1 -> <i>Tilia</i>
Allergological irrelevant*:	282	2 -> <i>Gramineae</i>
Total:	97.4%	2.6%

\* *Acer, Carpinus, Chenopodium, Compositae, Cruciferae, Fagus, Quercus, Aesculus, Juglans, Fraxinus, Plantago, Platanus, Rumex, Populus, Salix, Taxus, Tilia, Ulmus, Urtica*

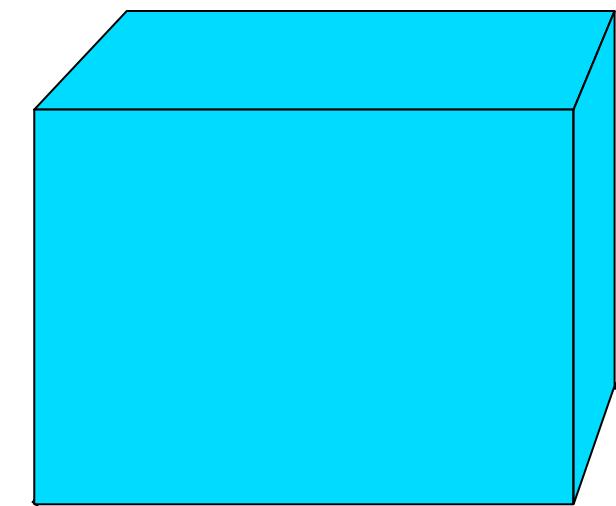
# Retrieving tomographical 3D data with a regular Fluoreszenz microscope



Recording a stack of images with a regular microscope

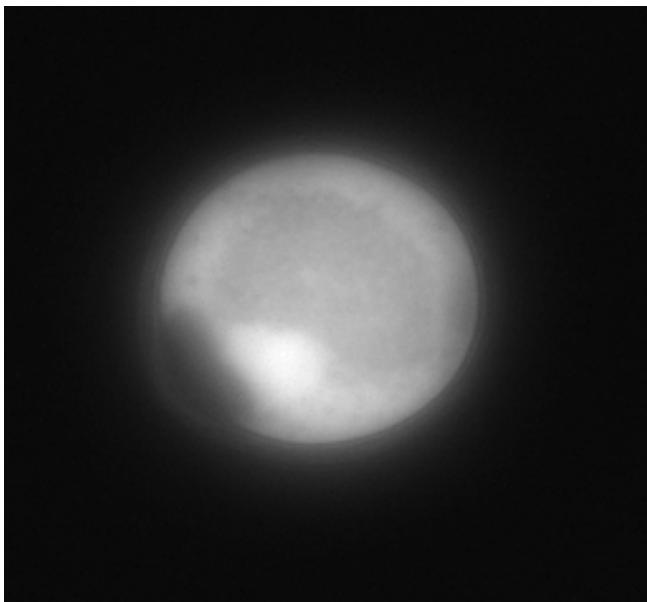


assembling the images to obtain volume information

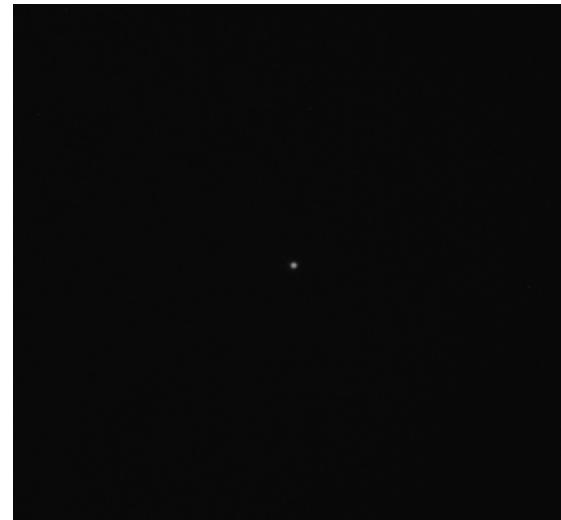


by deconvolution with Punktbildfunktion all fuzzy areas are removed

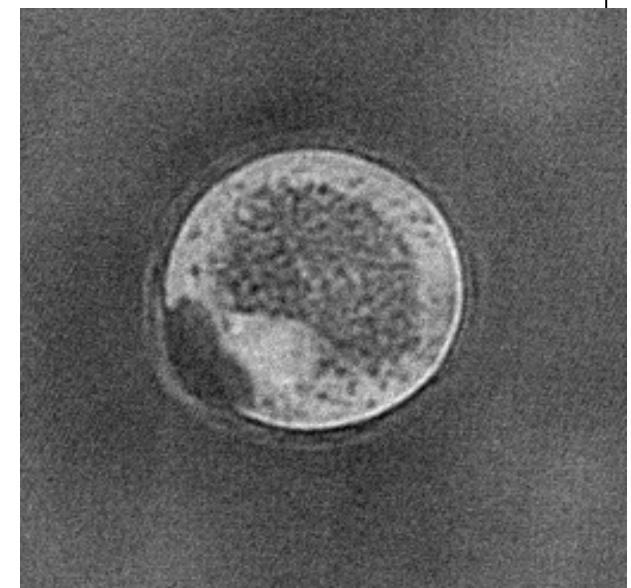
# Deconvolution of a Pollen (hazel/Corylus)



volume



point-spread  
function



deconvolved volume

# Video

## “Licht ins Dunkel”